C" MMPASS
OAKIEY VALE

## Latin Curriculum

Non scholae sed vitae discimus ....we do not learn for school but for life
Anon

## National Curriculum

## End Points:

- understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources
 their pronunciation and intonation
- can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt
- discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.

- Know a range of myths and legends from classic literature, paintings and appreciate other great achievements of the ancient world.


## Subject content:

## Pupils should be taught to

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing
 the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.


## BWT Latin Skills and Knowledge Progression

|  | Year 3 <br> Minimus 1: Chapters 1 to 6 | Year 4 <br> Minimus 1: Chapters 7-12 | Year 5 Minimus 2: Chapter 1-6 | Year 6 <br> Minimus 2 Chapters 7-12 |
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|  | Introduction to Ancient Rome and Latin (Maximus) to give context. |  |  |  |
| Subject matter | Introductions and Greetings. Food and Entertaining. Society hierarchy -enslaved people. Education. Invasion of Britain. Travelling. | Roman Civilisation: Military. Health. Death and burial. Gods. Religion. Socialising. Hygiene. Jewellery, clothes, cosmetics | Leaving Vindolanda, Roman Army, Travel and Health. Life in a developing Roman Town. Saturnalia Festival (Christmas) | Birth. Roman Seafaring. Naming a baby. Hunting. Slavery. Construction work in York. Freedom and betrothal. Ancient site of Delphi |



|  | diligenter (carefully)/diligent <br> pugno (l fight)/pugnacious <br> celeriter (quickly)/accelerator <br> habitat (he lives)/habitat <br> acutus (sharp)/acute <br> obesus (fat)/obese <br> fractus (broken)/fractured | tibi licet (you are allowed)/licensed <br> iuvenis (young man)/juvenile <br> invenire (to discover or find)/invention <br> benignus (kid)/benign <br> detergere (to wipe clean)/detergent | medius (middle)/Mediterranean <br> perecutere (to hit)/percussion <br> lapis (stone)/lapidary <br> aedificare (to build)/edifice <br> edere (to eat)/edible <br> testis (witness)/testify <br> squalor (mess)/squalid <br> liberare (to free)/liberty |
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